



Landmark #11

Angkor Wat Cambodia





The **temple complex** of Angkor Wat (**Cambodia**) is the largest religious monument in the world, covering an area of 1,626,000 meters². It was originally built as a **Hindu temple** for the **Khmer Empire**, but was then gradually transformed into a **Buddhist temple** around the end of the 12th century. It was built by King Suryavarman II in the in Yasodharapura, the capital of the Khmer Empire, as his state temple and, possibly, mausoleum. As the best-preserved temple at the site, it is the only one to have remained a significant religious center since its foundation. The temple represents the apogee of the high classical style of **Khmer architecture**. It has become a national symbol of Cambodia, portrayed also on its flag, and it is the country's major tourist attraction.

Click on the pictures for a **VIDEO** on this archeological site